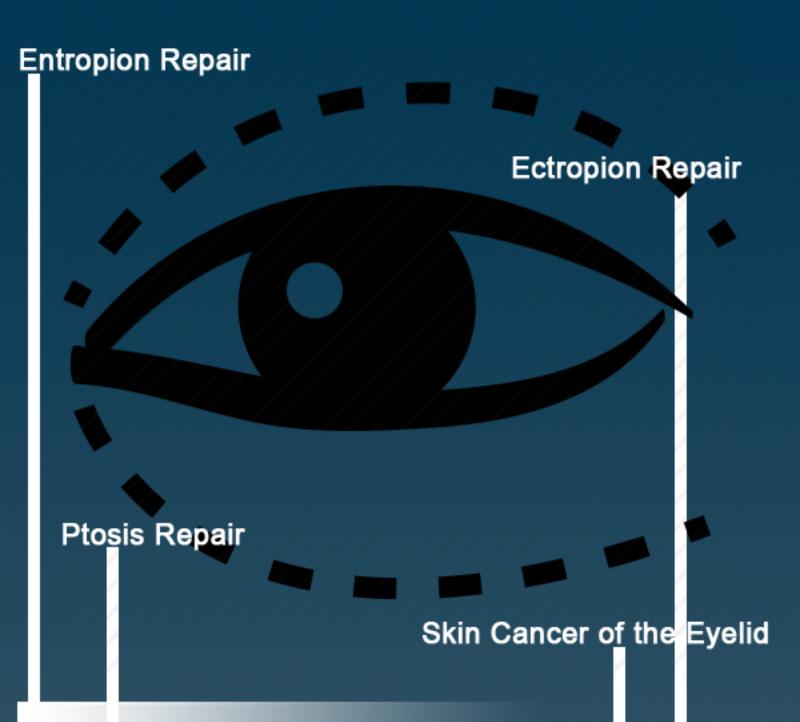
RECONSTRUCTIVE EYELID SURGERY



In entre pion, the eyelid is turned in toward the eye, and the relashes abrade the eye, causing tearing and irritation. The correction involves outpatient surgery of the eyeling and is often performed with the CO2 laser, resulting a minimal to no bruising, and a rapid recovery.

In ectropion, the eyelid is turned out, exposing the pink conjunctiva lining the eyelid. The eye can be irritated and tearing. Outpatient surgery can correct this. In some patients, skin grafting is necessary.

Ptosis means that the eyelid does not fully open. This can interfere with vision. Ptosis can be congenital, since birth, or can occur after trauma, cataract surgery, or with age. Surgical repair is done as an outpatient, and the eyelid level is adjusted painlessly with the patient semi-awake. The CO2 laser is used, resulting in mini-

Basal cell carcinoma is the most common skin cancer of the eyelid. It is usually biopsied in the office to confirm the diagnosis. Surgical removal of the cancer is done as an outpatient. If necessary, the eyelid is reconstructed with skin grafts. In most cases, the result is excellent, and there are minimal or no telltale scars. Other skin cancers

TO KNOW MORE ABOUT RECONSTRUCTIVE EYELID SURGERY

